Increasing development and increasing water withdrawals for public, industrial, and agricultural water supply threaten to reduce streamflows in the Shenandoah River basin in Virginia. Water managers need more information to balance human water-supply needs with the daily streamflows necessary for maintaining the aquatic ecosystems. To meet the need for comprehensive information on hydrology, water supply, and instream-flow requirements of the Shenandoah River basin, the U.S. Geological Survey and the Northern Shenandoah Valley Regional Commission conducted a cooperative investigation of habitat availability during low-flow periods on the North Fork Shenandoah River.


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## Additional Resources

- PHStat2 CD
- Photo London
- Physics Exercises: Questions and Answers
- Physiology of the Cladocera
- Phylum Monsters
- Physical Education - Primary Source Edition
- Physiotherapie Und Prothetik Nach Amputation Der Unteren Extremitat
- Physics in the Real World